

# Extended DSGE Model of the Czech Economy

Zbyněk Štork    Božena Bobková  
Ilkin Aliyev

Moderní nástroje pro finanční analýzu a modelování

5. 6. 2014

# Outline

- 1 **Extended DSGE model**
  - Purpose of Modelling at the Ministry of Finance
  - Structure of the Model
- 2 Model estimates
  - Parameters Settings
  - Bayesian Techniques
- 3 Results
  - Simulation Results
- 4 Conclusion

# Outline

- 1 Extended DSGE model
  - Purpose of Modelling at the Ministry of Finance
  - Structure of the Model
- 2 Model estimates
  - Parameters Settings
  - Bayesian Techniques
- 3 Results
  - Simulation Results
- 4 Conclusion

# Outline

- 1 **Extended DSGE model**
  - Purpose of Modelling at the Ministry of Finance
  - Structure of the Model
- 2 **Model estimates**
  - Parameters Settings
  - Bayesian Techniques
- 3 **Results**
  - Simulation Results
- 4 **Conclusion**

# Outline

- 1 Extended DSGE model
  - Purpose of Modelling at the Ministry of Finance
  - Structure of the Model
- 2 Model estimates
  - Parameters Settings
  - Bayesian Techniques
- 3 Results
  - Simulation Results
- 4 Conclusion

# Outline

- 1 **Extended DSGE model**
  - Purpose of Modelling at the Ministry of Finance
  - Structure of the Model
- 2 **Model estimates**
  - Parameters Settings
  - Bayesian Techniques
- 3 **Results**
  - Simulation Results
- 4 **Conclusion**

# DSGE Modelling in General...

- **Forecast** model scenario for quarterly Macroeconomic Forecast
  - **Simulations** for strategic documents (Convergence Programme, Fiscal Outlook) and ad hoc analysis
- » HUBERT - **D**ynamic **S**tochastic **G**eneral **E**quilibrium model.
- We began from a small simple model (households, firms, government, central bank, foreign sector)
  - two extensions were made:
    - ① households and fiscal block
    - ② domestic demand (consumption and investments)  
net export (exports and imports)

# DSGE Modelling in General...

- **Forecast** model scenario for quarterly Macroeconomic Forecast
  - **Simulations** for strategic documents (Convergence Programme, Fiscal Outlook) and ad hoc analysis
- » HUBERT - **D**ynamic **S**tochastic **G**eneral **E**quilibrium model.
- We began from a small simple model (households, firms, government, central bank, foreign sector)
  - two extensions were made:
    - ① households and fiscal block
    - ② domestic demand (consumption and investments)  
net export (exports and imports)

# DSGE Modelling in General...

- **Forecast** model scenario for quarterly Macroeconomic Forecast
  - **Simulations** for strategic documents (Convergence Programme, Fiscal Outlook) and ad hoc analysis
- » HUBERT - **D**ynamic **S**tochastic **G**eneral **E**quilibrium model.
- We began from a small simple model (households, firms, government, central bank, foreign sector)
  - two extensions were made:
    - ① households and fiscal block
    - ② domestic demand (consumption and investments)  
net export (exports and imports)

# DSGE Modelling in General...

- **Forecast** model scenario for quarterly Macroeconomic Forecast
  - **Simulations** for strategic documents (Convergence Programme, Fiscal Outlook) and ad hoc analysis
- » HUBERT - **D**ynamic **S**tochastic **G**eneral **E**quilibrium model.
- We began from a small simple model (households, firms, government, central bank, foreign sector)
  - two extensions were made:
    - 1 households and fiscal block
    - 2 domestic demand (consumption and investments)  
net export (exports and imports)

# Outline

- 1 **Extended DSGE model**
  - Purpose of Modelling at the Ministry of Finance
  - **Structure of the Model**
- 2 Model estimates
  - Parameters Settings
  - Bayesian Techniques
- 3 Results
  - Simulation Results
- 4 Conclusion

# Building Blocks of the Model

## Households

- Infinitely lived agents;
- Habit formation for smoother consumption;
- Savers and Spenders.

## Firms

- Cobb-Douglas production function, CES aggregation ;
- Price takers assumption;
- Calvo pricing.

## Governmental authorities

- Monetary policy: Taylor rule;
- Fiscal policy: aggregated revenues and expenditures, fiscal rule focused on debt stability.

## Foreign sector

- Approximated by EA aggregate;
- simple AR processes;
- imports and exports based on domestic and foreign demand and price differentials.

# Building Blocks of the Model

## Households

- Infinitely lived agents;
- Habit formation for smoother consumption;
- Savers and Spenders.

## Firms

- Cobb-Douglas production function, CES aggregation ;
- Price takers assumption;
- Calvo pricing.

### Households - main equations:

$$E_t \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \beta^n U_{j,t+n} = E_t \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \beta^n \left[ \log (C_{j,t+n}^R - H_{j,t+n}) - \frac{(N_{j,t+n}^R)^{1+\psi_N}}{1+\psi_N} \right] \quad (1)$$

$$(1 + \tau_t^c) P_t^C C_{j,t}^R + P_t^I I_{j,t} + P_t a(u_{j,t}) K_{j,t}^S + \frac{1}{R_t} B_{j,t+1} + \frac{1}{R_t^* + \zeta_t} S_t B_{j,t+1}^* = \\ = B_{j,t} + S_t B_{j,t}^* + (1 - \tau_t^k) [R_t^k u_{j,t} K_{j,t}^S + Q_t] + (1 - \tau_t^w) W_t N_{j,t}^R \quad (2)$$

$$(1 + \tau_t^c) P_t^C C_{j,t}^N = (1 - \tau_t^w) W_t N_{j,t}^N + \tau_t^b W_b (N_{j,t}^N - L_{j,t}^N) + TR_t \quad (3)$$

# Building Blocks of the Model

## Households

- Infinitely lived agents;
- Habit formation for smoother consumption;
- Savers and Spenders.

## Firms

- Cobb-Douglas production function, CES aggregation ;
- Price takers assumption;
- Calvo pricing.

## Government

- Monetary
- Fiscal policy  
 revenue  
 fiscal rule  
 stability

### Firms - main equations:

$$Y_{it} = z_t^{1-\eta} K_{it}^\eta L_{it}^{1-\eta} \quad (1a)$$

$$Y_t = \left[ \int_0^1 Y_{it}^{(\theta-1)/\theta} di \right]^{\theta/(\theta-1)} \quad (1b)$$

$$P_t^{1-\theta} = \xi_p P_{t-1}^{1-\theta} + (1 - \xi_p) (P_t^{new})^{1-\theta} \quad (1c)$$

$$(W_t)^{1-\theta} W = \alpha_R \left[ \xi_w (W_{t-1})^{1-\theta} W + (1 - \xi_w) (W_t^{new})^{1-\theta} W \right] + (1 - \alpha_R) (W_{t-1})^{1-\theta} W \quad (1d)$$

# Building Blocks of the Model

## Governmental authorities - main equations:

$$GR_t = \tau_t^c (P_t^C C_t + G_t) + \tau_t^w W_t L_t + \tau_t^k (R_t^k K_t + Q_t) \quad (1a)$$

$$GE_t = G_t^C + \tau_t^b W_t L_t + G_t^O \quad (1b)$$

$$GE_t - GR_t = \frac{1}{R_t} B_{t+1} - B_t \quad (1c)$$

$$\hat{R}_t = (1 - \phi_r)[\lambda_\pi \hat{\pi}_t + \lambda_y \hat{y}_t] + \phi_r \hat{R}_{t-1} \quad (1d)$$

## Governmental authorities

- Monetary policy: Taylor rule;
- Fiscal policy: aggregated revenues and expenditures, fiscal rule focused on debt stability.

## Foreign sector

- Approximated by EA aggregate;
- simple AR processes;
- imports and exports based on domestic and foreign demand and price differentials.

# Building Blocks of the Model

## Household

- Infinitely lived
- Habit formation in consumption
- Savers

## Foreign sector - main equations:

$$M_t = C_t^m + I_t^m \quad (1a)$$

$$X_t = C_t^{m*} + I_t^{m*} \quad (1b)$$

$$F_t = \Phi^* F_{t-1} + \epsilon_t^*, \text{ where } F_t = [C_t^{m*}, I_t^{m*}, P_t^*, R_t^*]'. \quad (1c)$$

## Governmental authorities

- Monetary policy: Taylor rule;
- Fiscal policy: aggregated revenues and expenditures, fiscal rule focused on debt stability.

## Foreign sector

- Approximated by EA aggregate;
- simple AR processes;
- imports and exports based on domestic and foreign demand and price differentials.

# Building Blocks of the Model

## Households

- Infinitely lived agents;
- Habit formation for smoother consumption;
- Savers and Spenders.

## Firms

- Cobb-Douglas production function, CES aggregation ;
- Price takers assumption;
- Calvo pricing.

## Governmental authorities

- Monetary policy: Taylor rule;
- Fiscal policy: aggregated revenues and expenditures, fiscal rule focused on debt stability.

## Foreign sector

- Approximated by EA aggregate;
- simple AR processes;
- imports and exports based on domestic and foreign demand and price differentials.

# Outline

- 1 Extended DSGE model
  - Purpose of Modelling at the Ministry of Finance
  - Structure of the Model
- 2 **Model estimates**
  - **Parameters Settings**
  - Bayesian Techniques
- 3 Results
  - Simulation Results
- 4 Conclusion

# Model parameters

## Initial values of selected parameters

Parameters	Value	Calibrated	Estimated from		
			data	regression	ss
$\alpha_r, S_R$	0.32, 1.55		✓		
$\beta$	0.99	✓			
$\delta$	0.01				✓
$\eta$	0.53	✓			✓
$\theta_C, \theta_{C*}, \theta_i, \theta_{i*}$	0.2–0.3				✓
$\kappa$	11			✓	
$\mu_{cm}, \mu_{im}$	0.22, 0.32		✓		
$\mu_z$	1.05	✓	✓		
$\xi_p, \xi_w$	0.9, 0.2	✓			
$\phi_r, \lambda_\pi, \lambda_y$	0.5, 1.5, 0.5	✓		✓	
$\omega_{rkz}$	12.72			✓	

# Outline

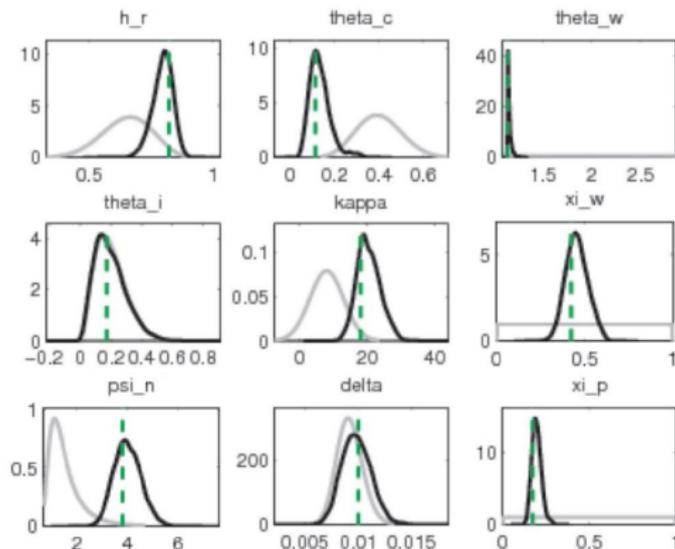
- 1 Extended DSGE model
  - Purpose of Modelling at the Ministry of Finance
  - Structure of the Model
- 2 **Model estimates**
  - Parameters Settings
  - **Bayesian Techniques**
- 3 Results
  - Simulation Results
- 4 Conclusion

# Results

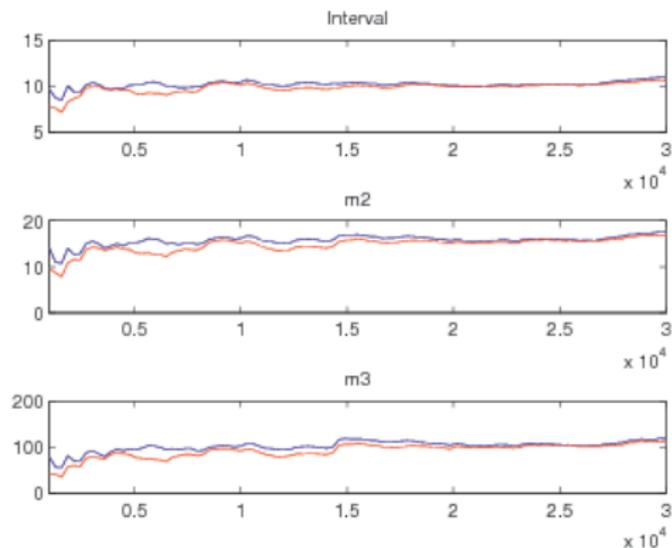
## Preliminary estimation results of selected parameters

Parameters		Prior distribution	Prior mean	Posterior mean
$h_r$	habit formation	beta	0.65	0.80
$\theta_c$	domestic good e.s.	beta	0.40	0.13
$\theta_w$	labor good e.s.	uniform	2.00	1.15
$\theta_j$	investment good e.s.	beta	0.20	0.20
$\kappa$	inv. adjustment cost	normal	8.00	20.39
$\delta$	depreciation rate	beta	0.01	0.01
$\xi_p$	Calvo prices	uniform	0.50	0.20
$\xi_w$	Calvo wages	uniform	0.50	0.46
$\psi_n$	Frisch elasticity	invgamma	1.55	3.99

# Prior and posterior distribution of selected parameters



# Multivariate convergence diagnostics

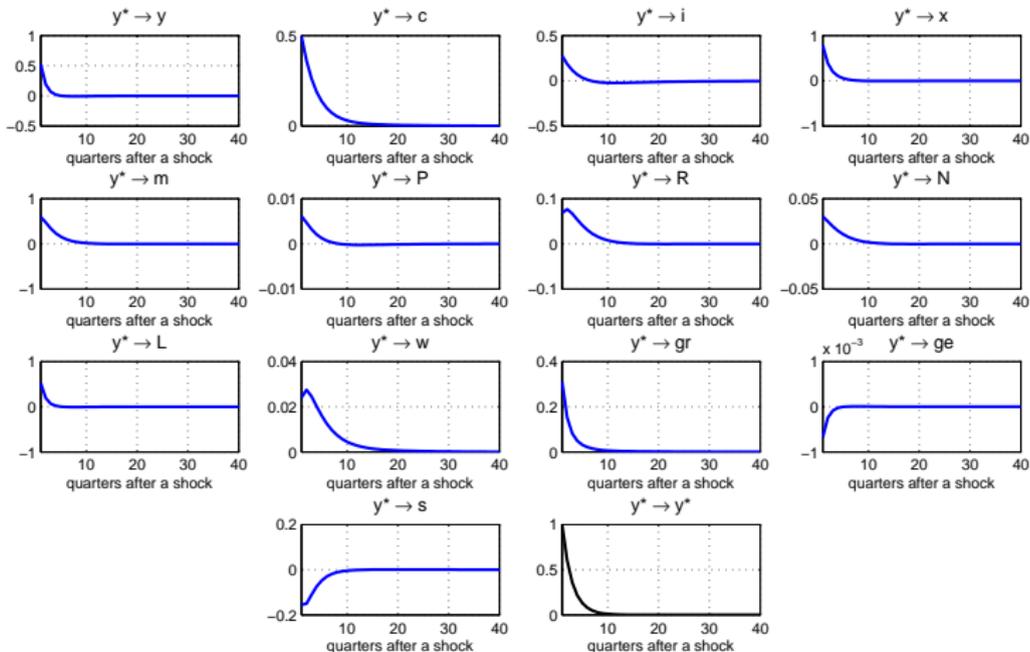


# Outline

- 1 Extended DSGE model
  - Purpose of Modelling at the Ministry of Finance
  - Structure of the Model
- 2 Model estimates
  - Parameters Settings
  - Bayesian Techniques
- 3 Results**
  - Simulation Results**
- 4 Conclusion

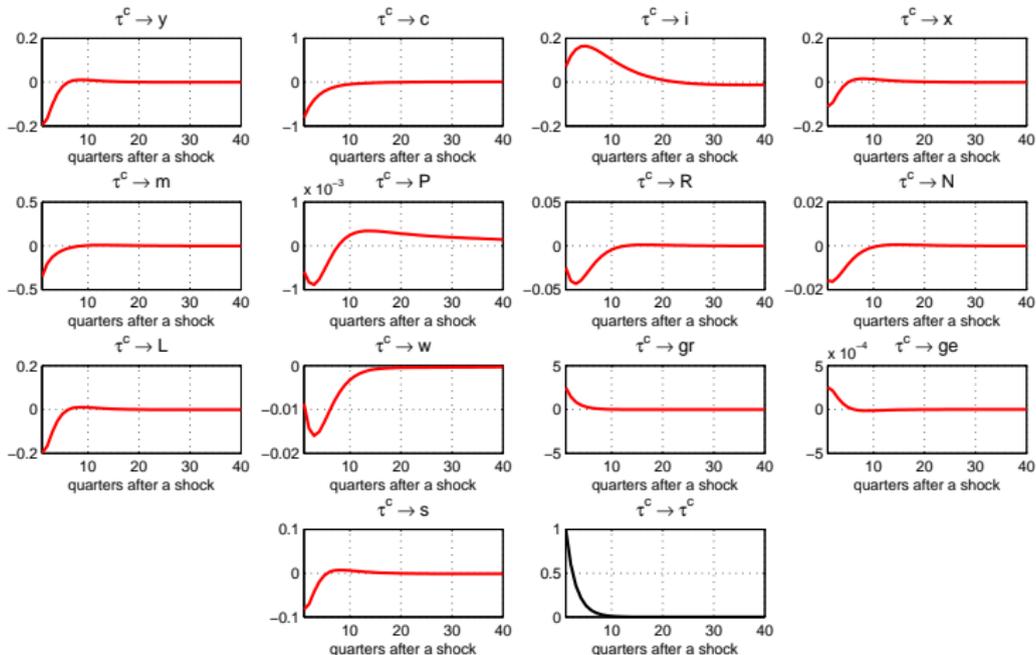
# Macroeconomic shocks

## Foreign demand shock



# Fiscal shocks

## Tax rate on consumption shock



# Summary

- Started from a simple model...
- ...necessary extensions driven by demand.
- Recently focusing on estimations.
  
- Next steps
  - Not any further enlargements...
  - ...focus on improving outputs; case studies.
  - Solve labor market issues.

# Summary

- Started from a simple model...
- ...necessary extensions driven by demand.
- Recently focusing on estimations.
  
- Next steps
  - Not any further enlargements...
  - ...focus on improving outputs; case studies.
  - Solve labor market issues.

# Thank you for your attention...

Zbyněk Štork and Božena Bobková

(zbynek.stork@mfcz.cz, bozena.bobkova@mfcz.cz)



Aliyev, I. – Bobková, B. – Štork, Z. (2014)

**Extended DSGE model of the Czech economy.**

*Ministry of Finance of the Czech Republic, Working Paper, 1/2014.*